## **Housing and** Homelessness

## Not enough homes or support for those most in need

## We are seeking:

State Government investment to:

- 1. Provide a minimum of 25 crisis accommodation properties across Banyule to support people escaping from family violence and for homeless or 'at risk'youth...
- 2. Provide \$100,000 funding for a feasibility study into providing a homeless youth refuge in the Bellfield/West Heidelberg Area.
- 3. Declare State Government land along the Hurstbridge Rail Corridor surplus and rezone it for key worker accommodation.
- 4. Fund a 24 hour housing and homelessness outreach service in Banyule for an after hour access to housing services.



## **Overview**

The number of people in Banyule experiencing homelessness or in insecure housing is growing. These community members do not have access to the services they need, and they deserve better.

Banyule needs 'Active Outreach' services funded in the Banyule area to provide:

- Assertive outreach to engage rough sleepers
- Short to medium-term case management and linkages to other services
- Information and referrals to housing and accommodation options
- Information and referral to general and specialist services

Those lucky enough to be placed in social and community housing are not afforded wrap around support services, leaving them vulnerable. Our local services are buckling under the growing need for support.

## **Housing in Banyule**



2,296 social housing dwellings are located in Banyule, about 4.3% of total dwellings.



1,183 people received specialist homelessness services in 2021-22.



In the year to June 2022 the number of new private rental lettings rose by 113 or 12.1%

**3.4%** of new lettings in the year to June 2022 were affordable to low income households.

growing level of demand and complexity of community needs.

> People unable to live independently are left out. There are no local housing options available for this vulnerable cohort.



25 new accessible and culturally appropriate crisis supported accommodation units for people with disability, people escaping domestic violence, young people and people who identify as LGBTIQA+.



\$100,000 for a feasibility study into providing a homeless youth refuge to stem intergenerational homelessness.



## Who needs social housing and support services?

People who are most likely to require support and services that are at risk of homelessness include:

- a. women and children affected by family and domestic violence;
- b. children and young people;
- c. Indigenous Australians;
- d. people experiencing repeat homelessness;
- e. people exiting institutions and other care arrangements;
- f. people aged 55 or older;
- g. people living with disability; and
- h. people living with mental illness.1

LGBTIQA+ community members are more than twice as likely to experience homelessness than the rest of the population. Violence, family rejection, discrimination, and trauma in these communities drive the over-representation of LGBTIQA+ people among those who are homeless.

We need to invest in more specialised services and workers who can support housing pathways for LGBTIQ+ people to ensure they are safe and secure.<sup>2</sup>

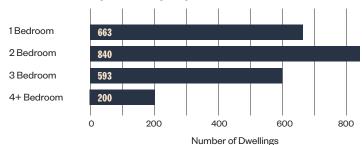
## **Social housing and public housing residents in Banyule Social housing in Banyule**

There are 2,296 social housing dwellings in Banyule which is about 4.3% of total dwellings.

### Social housing dwellings by housing program

Housing Program	Number of Dwellings
Crisis Supported Housing	7
Indigenous Community Housing	17
Long term Community Housing	322
Public Housing Public Housing	1,872
Transitional Housing Management	78
Total	2,296

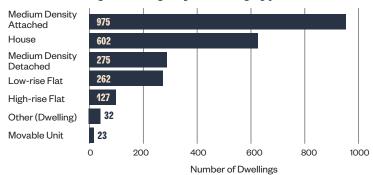
### **Social housing dwellings by number of bedrooms**



#### **Community Housing Agencies operating in LGA**

Aboriginal Housing Victoria	Launch Housing Limited
Common Equity Housing Limited	Northcote Rental Housing Co-op
Community Housing (Vic)	Unison Housing Ltd
Haven; Home, Safe	Women's Housing
Housing Choices Australia	Women's Property Initiatives

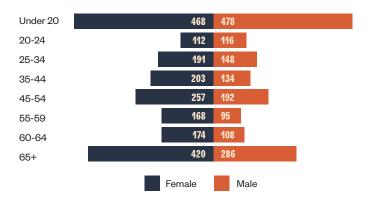
### **Social housing dwellings by dwelling type**



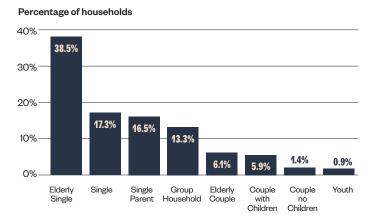
## **Public housing residents in Banyule**

There are 3,554 people living in public housing in Banyule.

#### **Public housing residents by age and sex**



## **Public housing tenancies by household type**



Housing data as at 30/6/2022



## **Key issues**

## Increasing housing stress for people on lower incomes

Our growing population places increasing demand on housing stock, resulting in increasing rents, leaving few local private housing options for people on the lowest incomes.

## Who are we planning for?

2021 Census

**2036 Projection** 



(2021 Population)

127.376



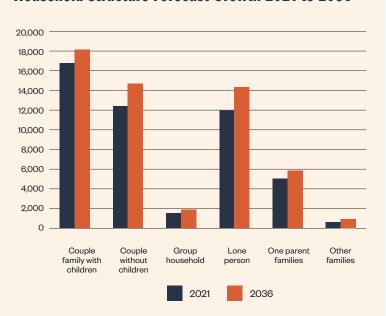
**143,735**Population

+16,359 people

**54,695**Households

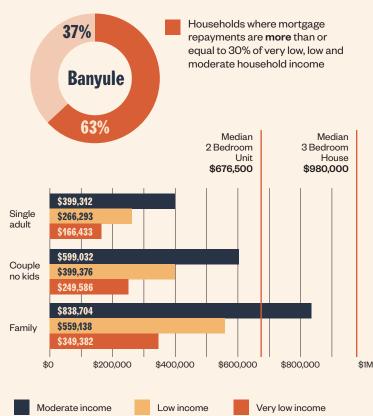
+7.030 households

#### **Household Structure Forecast Growth 2021 to 2036**

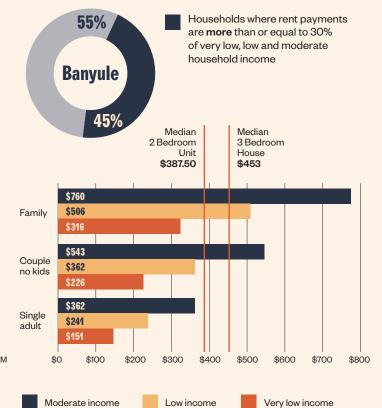


## **Affordability**

## **House Mortgage Stress**



## **Rental Stress**



Source: DHHS

Weekly household income of moderate to very low income ranges compared to average weekly rental in Banyule

Source: REIV; ABS

Maximum borrowing capacity of moderate to very low income ranges, compared to cost to buy a house in Banyule

## More people risk homelessness

Issues such as cost of living increases, insecure work, unexpected illness, death of a loved one, mental illness or domestic violence continue to expose more people to the risk of becoming homeless.

It places an unsustainable burden on local services, who are not able to meet the existing demand for services, let alone scale to meet the needs of new residents placed in social, community and affordable housing.

## **Mission Australia says:**

"Hidden homelessness can happen to anyone, through no fault of their own.

Every night, over 122,000
Australians are homeless –
living in their cars, a garage
or other temporary, often
insecure accommodation."

## People need more than accommodation

Any investment in local social, community and affordable housing is valued, but housing needs to be supported by wrap around services like counselling, food relief and material aid.

Without this support, agencies are placing community members who can live independently but people who need additional support are left out.

The ability to live independently is a day by day proposition for many people. The lack of wrap around support services leaves them vulnerable.

## Housing that meets complex community needs

The State Government is delivering approximately 130 housing units in the 3081 postcode area.

The housing units are studio, 1, 2 and three bedrooms, suitable for single people and small families.

More culturally appropriate housing with more bedrooms is needed for the larger families in this area.

# Access to the same services as our neighbouring councils

In neighbouring Darebin Council area, Merri Outreach Support Services delivers the Darebin Assertive Community Outreach program in partnership with Darebin City Council.

This program provides proactive outreach case management to assist people who are homeless and sleeping rough through:

- Actively seeking out and engaging rough sleepers using assertive outreach
- Providing case management and linkages to other services
- Providing referrals to housing and accommodation options
- Providing referrals to general and specialist services

The ongoing challenge in the homeless sector is accessing safe and affordable housing and also the lack of support for people moving into permanent Office of Housing property.

Some people have been living in transitional housing for five year or more, much longer than this model was set up for.



FOR MORE INFORMATION

Michele Purtle Advocacy Lead Banyule City Council







- www.aph.gov.au/DocumentStore. ashx?id=17f13f9e-912b-4408
   -ab31-0d1b36f8e339& subId=684606
- https://streetsmartaustralia.org/ homelessness-and-lgbtiqa/
- www.missionaustralia.com.au/ stories/safe-homes/the-risingcost-of-living-and-its-impacton-families